

SDAY the second day of April, the fold, on the premises, or half acres of Ground, in the neighborhood of Mr. An's dwelling house: Terms will be the place of sale.

Philip G. Marfeller, d

groes Wanted.

h will be given for a few Negroes. Apply at John Hodgskin's tavern.

JAMES SANDERSON
HAS RECEIVED, few casks of excellent VER-SEED, which is warranted fresh. s. best green Martinique

rels New England Rum upland Georgia Cotton Linens n ditto.

Also on Hand, Canvas; German Ozaburgs; general assortment of the best ous Liquors, Teas and Groceries.

ty Dollars Reward.

AY, from the subscriber, living in Baltimore, on Friday night last, boys to the hating business, viz. CHARLES WHITE, between 20 and 21 years old, and has remarkable short curl, hair which is very white—had on a short blue colored velvet pantaloons—BB, about 16 years old, uncommonly large for his age; had on a short corduroy aloons, his hair dark and straight, up said Boys and lodges them in ves information so that I get them eive the above reward and reason. or TEN DOLLARS for either, vessels and others are cautioned g them or carrying them off.

William Branfon, Hatter, Baltimore.

an Printed Cotton.

Lewis Lannays, firm of M'Colloch & Lannays, is just opening at the store at ing and Royal streets, a hand- of STAMPED COTTONS, factory, which he offers for sale prices for cash or approved pa. confisting of 9.8 Calico, 4.4 do. 9.8 furniture do. 4.4 do. Shawls, 5.4 do. 4.4 do. 7.8 do. Handkerchiefs assorted and a l covers and window curtains, tion of the ladies. tends remaining but a short time ose who are disposed to purchase make speedy application.

LOTS for Sale.

eed of trust from PHILIP WAN- scriber, for the purpose of secu- ent of certain lots therein men- e exposed to public sale, on the eleven o'clock, A. M. on SA- the 5th day of April next, for

ndfomely situated, con- town of Alexandria, containing six acres each; being part of own by the name of "Stamp- subdivision of said tract as laid n, distinguished by the num- 23, 24, 25. To such as have ed themselves with eligible fra- borhood, these Lots present an attention, and to accommodate ill be set up separately. For information respecting this pro- n may be made to Col. Gilpin, ber, who is furnished with a these and the adjoining Lots, are in a high state of improve-

John M'Iver, 2aw5thA

OTICE.

OSIAH WATSON, a bank- rupt, who have proved their debia mmission of bankrupt, awarded of John Watson, late of Alex- are requested to meet the al- bankrupt's estate, at Gashy's n of Alexandria, on Wednes- of April next, at ten o'clock. As business of the first impor- rest of the said estate will be the consideration of the credi- there will be a full meeting.

John M'Iver, 2aw5thA

NTED DAILY

UEL SNOWDEN

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VI.]

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26, 1806.

[No. 1558]

SALES AT VENDUE.

On every Tuesday and Friday, WILL BE SOLD, At the Vendue-Store, Corner of Prince and Water streets, A Variety of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c. Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.]

All kind of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest li- mitation and prices.

Philip G. Marfeller, v. M. THE SUBSCRIBER Wants to Charter,

A vessel of about 1500 barrels burthen, for CORK and a MAR- KET; to which immediate dispatch will be given—the cargo being all- y to go on board.

James Patton. WHO HAS FOR SALE, At his Warehouse, Conway's wharf,

New-York prime Beef and Pork. Also, Southern Pork, of good quality—with a few pipes of old Cognac Brandy.

Negroes Wanted.

Cash will be given for a few likely young Negroes. Apply at John Hodgskin's tavern.

March 24. d3t

JAMES SANDERSON HAS RECEIVED, A few casks of excellent CLOVER-SEED, Which is warranted fresh.

3000 lbs. best green Martinique Coffee

20 barrels New England Rum 20 barrels Whiskey A few bales upland Georgia Cotton 3 casks Irish Linens 1 bale brown ditto.

Also on Hand, British Salt Canvas; German Ozaburgs; as usual, a general assortment of the best Vines, Spirituous Liquors, Teas and Groceries.

March 24. d

CHEESE, &c.

We have a large quantity of Rhode- Island CHEESE, and a few barrels of HER- RINGS for sale—

And daily expect 2,000 barrels Turk's Island Salt; which will be sold on moderate terms from on board.

March 22. d1ot

Douglas & Mandeville.

Clover Seed, [Warranted of the best quality] landed this day from Philadelphia, and for sale on very low terms.

March 22. d1ot

SALT, Suitable for the Fisheries.

JUST RECEIVED, 1200 bushels St. Ubes Salt; per Schooner Martha and Mary; and for sale, at Merchants wharf.

March 21. d

JOHN G. EADD, Has just received 150 bolts first quality Russian heavy CANVASS,

1500 pieces long and short India NANKEENS, For Sale on moderate terms.

March 21. d

Plaster Paris—afloat.

50 tons Plaster Paris, 1500 feet Oars, At Lawrafon's wharf; On board the schooner Dove, Capt. from Portland, for sale by

Lawrafon & Fowle, en said wharf.

March 20. American Printed Cotton.

Lewis Lannays, ONE of the firm of M'Colloch & Lannays, Baltimore, is just opening at the store at the corner of King and Royal streets, a hand- some assortment of STAMPED COTTONS, from their manufactory, which he offers for sale at very reduced prices for cash or approved pa- per at 90 days, confisting of 9.8 Calico, 4.4 do. 7.8 do. 3.4 do. 9.8 furniture do. 4.4 do. do. 7.8 do. do. 6.4 Shawls, 5.4 do. 4.4 do. 7.8 do. 3.4 do. Pocket Handkerchiefs assorted and a few elegant bed covers and window curtains worthy the attention of the ladies.

As he intends remaining but a short time in Alexandria those who are disposed to purchase will do well to make speedy application.

March 22. d3t

NOTICE, The subscriber intending to remove to the house next door to Mori's tavern, will rent the HOUSE AND STORE he at present occupies, between Royal and Fairfax streets.

March 21. d

TO RENT, A THREE STORY BRICK WARE- HOUSE, situate on Union Street, oppo- site Col. Gilpin's Store, now occupied by Mr. Philip Carey. Possession will be given immedi- ately, application to be made to

Philip Triplett. d2w

A Journeyman Baker:

I WANT TO EMPLOY ONE qualified to conduct a bakery in New- York, as a Foreman. A single man would be preferred. Application to be made to

March 13. d

LOST, On Wednesday evening last, in or near the town, The outer Case of a WATCH.

It is of GOLD, plain and of modern fashion. Five Dollars reward will be given, to any person who will deliver it to the

February 22. d

TO RENT, A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, situate on St. Alaph street, between King and Prince streets, four doors beyond Mr. Faw's office, now occupied by Mr. Amos Alexander. Possession will be given on the 15th March.— Application to be made to

February 26. d

JOSEPH RIDDLE Has Received by the Ceres and other Ships lately arrived at Baltimore, a considerable part of his

FALL GOODS; Which are now opening at his store in Fairfax street, and daily expects an additional supply in the United States from Liverpool.

September 26. d

Diffolution of Copartnership. THE Copartnership hitherto subsisting under the firm of Joseph Riddle & Co. of Alexandria, was dissolved the first instant, by mutual con- sent: All persons that are indebted to, or that have claims on the same, are requested to come forward and settle, as it is desirable to close the concern as soon as possible. Those whose ac- counts are of long standing are particularly re- quested to attend to this notice, and make payments to either of the subscribers.

JOSEPH RIDDLE, Of Alexandria. JAMES DALL, Of Baltimore.

September 18. d

HENRY K. MAY Has received, per Brig Equator, Moore, from New-Castle, and offers for Sale, if immedi- ately applied for;

December 18. d

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, from the subscriber, living in the city of Baltimore, on Friday night last two apprentice boys to the hating business, viz. CHARLES WHITE, between 20 and 21 years of age; very small, and has remarkable short curled hair which is very white—had on a short blue jacket and olive colored velvet pantaloons— ISAAC WEBB, about 16 years old, uncommonly large for his age; had on a short corduroy jacket and pantaloons, his hair dark and straight. Whoever takes up said Boys and lodges them in any jail, and gives information so that I get them again, shall receive the above reward and reason- able expences, or TEN DOLLARS for either. All matters of vessels and others are cautioned against harboring them or carrying them off.

March 14. d

NOTICE. The commissioners named and au- thorized by a commission of bankruptcy awarded and issued and now in prosecution against Thos. Moxon of Alexandria, intend to meet on the 26th day of this month at four o'clock in the afternoon at John Gadsby's tavern in the town of Alexandria in order to make a dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt, and to choose a new assignee. When and where the creditors who have not already proved their debts under the said commission, are hereby re- quired to come prepared to prove the same or they will be excluded the benefit of the said di- vidend.

March 5. d

Wm Oxley, Assignee

PUBLIC SALE. By virtue of a deed of trust to the subscriber, will be exposed to sale, on Wednes- day, the second day of April next, for ready money, upon the premises, several very valuable LOTS OF GROUND, lying upon Queen, Fair- fax, Water and Union streets, in the town of Alexandria—And immediately after the sale of the Lots, will be exposed to sale, at the coffee house, for ready money also, (in case by the sale of the Lots the sum required should not be raised) one undivided sixteenth part of a Tract of Land, lying in Spotsylvania county, containing about eighteen thousand acres, known by the name of the Mize Tract.

March 12. d1f

JAMES BACON, A his GROCERY STORE, on King street, has, in addition to his former stock, added

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in the Grocery Line;

Which makes his assortment complete. He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms, Muscovado Sugars, of various qua- lities.

Loaf and Lump ditto, Gunpowder, Imperial, Hylon, Young Hylon, Hylon-Skin, and Souchong

Best Green Coffee, Chocolate, of a superior quality. Madeira, Bufellos, Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Malaga, and Genuine Old Port

Cognac and Brandy Brandy, Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use, Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincent, and New-England Rum, Holland Gin, Irish and country Whiskey, Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar, Strychnon's Bitters.

Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cassia, Pimento Cayenne and Black Pepper. Race and Ground Ginger, Baked Salt for table use, Pearl Barley, Rice, Starch, Fig-blue, Soap, Mould, Dye and Spermaceti Candles, Refined Salt-Petre, Flotant Indigo, Alum, Coppras, Madder, Brimstone, Spinning Cotton, Patent Shot, all sizes, best English and country-made Gunpowder, Segars, and Smoking Tobacco, very best Chewing To- bacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's Snuff, Hunter's Pipes in boxes.

London Mustard, warranted of a superior quality, Dixon's best ditto, Wrapping-Paper, De- mijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every article in his line—the whole of which have been select- ed with care and will be disposed of on the very lowest terms.

December 16. d

NOTICE.

The Co-partnership hitherto sub- sisting under the firm of Daniel Macleod & Lumsdon, Painters, of Alexandria, was dissolved the 20th instant, by mutual consent. All persons that are indebted to, or that have claims on the same, are requested to come forward and settle as spee- dily as possible, as it is desirable to close the con- cern, to either of the subscribers.

March 21. d

DANIEL MACLEOD, PAINTER, Continues in the same house where Macleod and Lumsdon formerly occupied, next door to Messrs. Mandeville and Jamison, King- street; where he carries on the Sign, Transpa- rent, and Ornamental Painting; Gilding and Staining, Framing and Cleaning Pictures; Masonic Aprons, Coats for Regiments, Marble- ing and all kinds of Wood imitated.

Apentine, Putty & Paints of all kinds, dry and ground in oil; Window and Picture Glass, of various sizes; which he will sell reasonable for cash.

March 21. d

REMOVAL.

JOHN LUMSDON, HAS removed to the lower end of King street, nearly opposite Mr. Robert Young's Store, where he intends carrying on the House Painting and Glazing business as usual, and will keep for sale, a regular assortment of Paints and Oil, to- gether with Window and Picture Glass, of vari- ous sizes.

March 21. d

I have received from Madras (Via New York)

9 Bales of Piece Goods, CONSISTING OF

Long Cloths, Manilla Gingham, Nicomias and Madras Handkerchiefs. The above goods were selected in Madras by Andrew Smith for Hewes and Miller, are entitled to drawback, and will be sold low by the bale.

March 21. d

TO LET, A LARGE, commodious STORE ROOM and CELLAR, situate on the fourth side of King street, opposite the printing-office of Samuel Snowden. The stand, for business, is equal to any in this town, and will be rented very low on application to the Printer hereof.

March 24. d2w3t

TUNIS CRAVEN, Has received by the late arrivals an elegant as- sortment of

GOODS, —AMONG WHICH ARE—

London Superfine Cloths, Corded Cambricks, and Cassimeres, Lace do.

Bennett's patent Cords, Rich Colonnade and E- do. Waistcoatings, gaged India Muslin Silks, Molekins, Flo- India and British Book renines, do.

Imperial, clouded and Late Caps & Handker- white Marfelles, chiefs, Toilets, Swandowns, Extra Silk Gloves, Flannels, rose Blankets, Pie Pie Mitts.

Coatings, Plains, Silk Cord and Buttons, Kerseys, Halfbacks, Cambrick Buttons, Lamb's Wool, Worsted, Artificial Flowers and Cotton and Silk Ho- Wreaths, siery, Ostrich Feathers, Irish & Flanders Sheet, Italian Mantaus, ings, Fine India Perduas, 4.4 Irish Linens, Baltras, Mamoodies, Shirting Cotton, Dowlats, Tickenburg, Long Lawns, Oshaburgs, Brown rolls &c. &c.

Dimities, Cambrick do.

He daily expects an additiona- assortment of FALL GOODS.

Oct. 22. d1f

FOR SALE, A Negro Woman, who is an ex- cellent house servant, with her two Children; the one male, the other female.

Jan. 16. Enquire of the Printer.

Cash, and the highest price given for clean Linen and Cotton Rags, the Printer of this paper.

TREATY OF PEACE
BETWEEN AUSTRIA & FRANCE.

His majesty the emperor of Germany and of Austria, the prince John-Lichtenstein, prince of the holy Roman empire grand cross of the military order of Maria Teresa, Chamberlain, lieutenant general of the armies of his said majesty the emperor of Germany and Austria, and proprietor of a regiment of hussars : and count Ignaz de Gyllai, commander of the military order of Maria Teresa, chambelain of his said majesty the emperor of Germany and Austria, lieutenant general of his armies and proprietor of a regiment of infantry : and his majesty the emperor of France, king of Italy, Charles Maurice Talleyrand Perigord, Grand Chamberlain, Minister of Foreign Relations for his said majesty, the Emperor of France and king of Italy, Grand Cordon of the Legion of Honor, and knight who having exchanged their territories in Prussia : have agreed as follows :

2. France shall continue to possess in property and sovereignty the duchies, principalities, lordships and territories beyond the Alps, which were before the present treaty united and incorporated with the French empire, or governed by the laws and government of France.

4. His majesty the emperor of Germany and Austria renounces as well for himself as for his heirs and successors, that part of the states of the Republic of Venice, ceded to him by the treaties of Campo Formio and Luneville, which shall be united to the kingdom of Italy.

6. The present treaty of peace is declared to comprehend their most serene highnesses, the electors of Bavaria, Wirtemberg, and Baden, and the Batavian republic, allies of his majesty the emperor of the French, in the present war.

8. His Majesty the emperor of Germany and Austria, as well for himself, his heirs and successors, as for the princes of his house, their heirs and successors respectively, renounces the principalities, lordships, domains, & territories hereafter specified.

henems, the country of Konigsseg, Rot-
tensals, the lordships of Tetnany and Ar-
gen, and the town and territory of Bin-
dan.

To his majesty the king of Wirtemberg, the five cities of the Danube, to wit, Ehingen, Munderkengen, Rudligen, Mengen, and Sulgaw, with their dependencies, the city of Constance excepted, that part of the Brisgaw, which extends in the possession of Wirtemberg, and situated to the east of a line, drawn from Schlegelburg to Molbach, and the towns and territories of Willengen and Breutlingen, to his most serene highness the elector of Baden, the Brisgaw (with the exception of the branch and separated portions above described) the Ortenaw and their dependencies, the city of Constance, and the commanding of Meinam.

The principalities, lordships, domains and territories above mentioned shall be possessed respectively by their majesties the kings of Bavaria and Wirtemberg, and by his most serene highness the elector of Baden, as well in paramount as in full property and sovereignty, in the same manner, by the same titles, and with the same rights and prerogatives, with which they were possessed by his majesty the emperor of Germany and Austria, or the princes of his house, and not otherwise.

9. His majesty the emperor of Germany and Austria, acknowledges the debts contracted by the house of Austria, for the benefit of private persons and public establishments of the country, making a present an integrant part in the French empire; and it is agreed that his said majesty shall remain free from all obligation, with respect to any debts whatsoever which the house of Austria may have contracted, on the ground of the possession and securities on the soil of the countries which it renounces by the present treaty.

10. The country of Salzburg, and of Berchtolsghaden, belonging to his royal electoral highness prince Ferdinand shall be incorporated with the empire of Austria: And his majesty the emperor of Germany and Austria, shall possess those in full property and sovereignty, but by the title of a duchy only.

11. His majesty the emperor of the French, king of Italy, engages himself to obtain, in favor of the archduke Ferdinand, elector of Salzburg, the cession by his majesty the king of Bavaria, of Wurtzburg, such as it has been given to his said majesty by the recess of the depuration of the Germanic empire, of the 25th February, 1804.

The electoral title of his royal highness shall be transferred to this principality which his royal highness shall possess in full property and sovereignty, in the same manner and on the same conditions that he possessed the electorate of Salzburg.

And with respect to debts it is agreed that the new possessor shall stand charged only with those debts resulting from loans finally agreed to by the states of the country, or the expenses incurred for the effective administration of the said country.

12. The dignity of grand master of the Teutonic order, in rights, domains, and revenues, which before the present war were dependencies of Megeutheim the chief place of the order; the other rights domains and revenues which shall be found to belong to the grand mastership at the time of the exchange of the ratifications of the present treaty; as well as the domains and revenues now in possession of which the said order shall be at the same epoch shall become hereditary in the person and descendants in the direct male line, according to the order of primogeniture, in which ever the princes of the imperial house, shall be appointed by his majesty the emperor of Germany and Austria His majesty the emperor Napoleon promises his good offices to obtain, as soon as possible, for his royal highness the archduke Ferdinand, a full and entire indemnity in Germany.

13. His majesty the elector of Bavaria shall occupy the city of Augsburg and its territory and unite them to his states, in full property and sovereignty. In the same manner the king of Wirtemberg, may occupy united to his states, and possess in full property and sovereignty the country of Berndorff; and his majesty the emperor of Germany and Austria engages himself to give no opposition.

14. Their majesties the kings of Bavaria and Wirtemberg, and his most serene highness the elector of Baden, shall enjoy over the territories ceded, as well as over the ancient estates, the plenitude of sovereignty, and all the rights resulting from it, which have been guaranteed to them by his majesty the emperor of the French, king of Italy in the same manner as his majesty the emperor of Germany and Austria, and

his majesty the king of Prussia, over their German states. His majesty the emperor of Germany and Austria both as chief of the empire, and as co-states engages himself not to oppose any obstacle to the execution of the acts which they have made, or will make in consequence.

15. His majesty the emperor of Germany and Austria, as well for himself, his heirs, and successors, as for the Princes of his house, their heirs and successors, renounces all the rights as well of sovereignty, as of paramount right to all pretensions whatsoever, actual or eventual, on all the states without exception, of their Majesties the kings of Bavaria and Wirtemberg, and of his most serene highness the Elector of Baden, and generally on all the states, domains, and territories, comprised in the circles of Bavaria, Franconia, and Suabia, as well as to every title, taken from the said domains; and reciprocally, all pretensions, actual or eventual, of the said states to the charge of the house of Austria, or its princes, are and shall be, for ever extinguished; nevertheless, the renunciations contained in the present article do not concern the properties, which are by the 11th article, or which shall be, by virtue of the 12 article, above, conceded to their Royal Highnesses the Archdukes named in the said articles.

16. The titles of the domains and archives, the plans and maps of the different countries, towns and fortresses, ceded by the present treaty shall be given up in the space of three months from the date of the exchange of the ratification, to the persons that shall have acquired the property of them.

17. His majesty the emperor Napoleon guarantees the integrity of the empire of Austria in the state in which it shall be in consequence of the present treaty of peace, as well as the integrity of the possession of the princes of the house of Austria, pointed out in the 11th and 12th articles.

18 The high contracting parties acknowledge the independence of the Helvetic Republic, as established by the act of mediation as well as independence of the Batavian Republic.

19. The prisoners of war made by France and her allies from Austria, and by Austria from France and her allies, and who have not been yet restored, shall be restored within 40 days from the date of the exchange of the ratifications of the present treaty.

20. All commercial communications and relations are re-established in the two countries on the same footing as before the war.

21. His majesty the emperor of Germany and Austria, and his majesty the emperor of the French, king of Italy, shall maintain between them the ceremonial as to rank and etiquette as was observed before the present war.

232. Within five days of the exchange of the ratification of the present treaty, the town of Presburg, and its environs, to the extent of six leagues, shall be evacuated. Ten days after the said exchange the French & the troops of the allies of France shall evacuate Moravia, Bohemia, the Viennener Wald, the Viertel Unter Manhartsberg, Hungary, and the whole of Syria. In the 10 following days they shall evacuate the Viertel Viennener Wald, and the Viertel Ober Manhartsberg; and finally, in the space of two months from the exchange of ratifications, the French troops, and the troops of the allies of France, shall evacuate the whole of the hereditary states of his majesty the emperor of Germany & Austria, with the exception of the place of Brannau, which shall remain for one month at the disposal of his majesty the emperor of the French, king of Italy, as a place of depot for the sick and for the artillery.

No requisition of whatever nature shall be made of the inhabitants during that month. But it is agreed that at the expiration of the said month, no corps whatever of Austrian troops can be stationed or introduced within a circuit of six leagues around the said place of Brannan. It is in like manner agreed that each of the places which are to be successively evacuated by the French troops within the times above mentioned shall not be taken possession of by the Austrian troops till eight and forty hours after the evacuation. It is also agreed, that the magazines left by the French army in the places which they shall successively evacuate, shall remain at its disposal; and that the high contracting parties shall make an arrangement relative to all contributions of war whatsoever imposed on the different hereditary states occupied by the French army, an arrangement in-virtue of which, the raising of the said contributions shall entirely cease from the day of the exchange of the ratification. The French army shall draw its provisions and its sustenance from its own magazines, established on the routes by which it is to proceed.

23. Immediately after the exchange of the ratification of the present treaty, commissioners shall be named on both sides to give up and to receive in the name of their

respective sovereigns, all parts of the Venetian territory, not occupied by the troops of his majesty the emperor of the French and king of Italy. The city of Venice the Languens, and the possession of Terra Firma, shall be given up in the space of fifteen days: Venetian Istria, and Dalmatia, the mouths of the Cattaro, the Venetian Isles in the Adriatic, and all the places and forts which they contain, in the space of six weeks from the exchange of the ratifications. The respective commissaries will take care that the separation of the artillery belonging to the republic of Venice from the Austrian artillery be exactly made, the former being to remain entirely in the kingdom of Italy. They will determine by a mutual agreement the kind and nature of the objects, which being the property of the emperor of Germany and Austria are consequently to remain at his disposal. They will agree either on the sale to the kingdom of Italy, of the objects above mentioned, or their exchange for an equivalent quantity of artillery, or other objects of the same, or a different nature, which shall have been left by the French armies in the hereditary states.

Every facility and every assistance shall be given to the Austrian troops, and to the civil and military administrations, to return into the Austrian states by the most convenient and sure ways, as well as to the conveyance of the imperial artillery, the naval and military magazines, and other objects which are not comprehended in the stipulations of sale or exchange which may be made.

24. The ratifications of the present treaty shall be exchanged within the space of eight days or sooner if possible.

Done and signed at Presburg the 26th
Dec. 1805.

(Signed)
Ch. Maur. Talleyrand (L.S.)

(Signed)
Stehn, Prince of Lichtenstein (r. 1)

John, Prince of Lichtensten, (L. S.)
(Signed)

Ignag, Count de Guylai.
We have approved and do approve the

above treaty, in all and each of its articles therein contained; we declare, that it is accepted, ratified and confirmed; and we promise, that it shall be inviolably observed in faith of which we have given these presents, signed with our hand, counter-signed and sealed with our imperial seal.

At the palace of Schoenbrunn, 27th Dec.
1805.

By the emperor,
Napoleon.

The minis sec. of state,
H B Maret

The minister of foreign relations,
Ch. Maur. Talleyrand

Friday, March 21.

Mr. Mumford, from the committee to whom was referred a resolution prohibiting the importation of certain articles from Great Britain, reported a bill to prohibit the importation of certain goods, wares and merchandize, which was referred to a committee of the whole house Monday.

Mr. Thomas said he wished to submit a motion to amend the rules of the house, and he would, in a few words, state the reasons which influenced him.

The bill, said Mr. T. for a partial non-
importation of the products and manufactures
Great Britain, is now before us and we soon
shall be again engaged on the subject of our dif-
ference with that nation. A subject which
has been and probably will be again embraced
as theme on which much of the precious time
this house has been spent and I think its dignity
profratrated; in talking about and animadverting
all the little, local, party divisions, which
have been artfully attempted to be raised in
different sections of this union by designing indi-
viduals and newspaper writers; but which as
principle, do not in reality exist.

In attempting by low epithets and personal allusions, to criminate the present chief magistrate of this country, who not only possesses entire confidence, and is the pride and boast of almost unanimous America; but who has been ennobled throughout Europe, and the whole civilized world, for the salutary measures which he has recommended and adopted, to lessen his own patronage, to lighten the burthens of the people, to preserve peace, and to render it independent, freedom and happiness permanent and secure, and whose political life will be transmitted to posterity, in the fairest pages of history, as a model of public virtue and true patriotism. In canvassing for the election of another president, and in attempting to excite jealousy and disturb the harmony and unanimity of the nation, at this momentous crisis: besides low personal abuse which, while that subject is before under consideration, has been levelled at a great number of the most respectable members

[illegible]

verge, all parts of the Venetian empire, not occupied by the troops of the emperor of the French. The city of Venice and the possession of Terra Firma, given up in the space of fifteen years, the Venetian Adriatic, and all the places which they contain, in the space of the exchange of the ratification of the separation of the republic of Venice from the empire of Austria. They will determine the kind and nature of the property of Germany and Austria to remain at his disposal, free either on the sale to the ally, of the objects above mentioned, or other objects of a different nature, which shall be determined by the French armies in the field.

And every assistance shall be given to the Austrian troops, and to military administrations, to the Austrian states by the most sure ways, as well as to the imperial artillery, and other military magazines, and other objects not comprehended in the sale or exchange which shall be determined by the French armies in the field.

Mr. Talleyrand, (L. S.)
Prince of Lichtenstein, (L. S.)
Count de Guylai.

approved and do approve the in all and each of its articles, we declare, that it is confirmed and confirmed; and we shall be inviolably observed, which we have given these pre- with our hand, counter-signed with our imperial seal.

of Schœnbrunn, 27th Dec.

Emperor,
Napoleon,
Sec. of state,
H. B. Maret,
Minister of foreign relations,
Ch. Maur. Talleyrand.

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES. OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Friday, March 21.
from the committee to whom resolution prohibiting the im- certain articles from Great Britain, to prohibit the importation of cer- res and merchandise, which was committee of the whole house on

said he wished to submit a me- the rules of the house, and le w words, state the reasons which

and Mr. T. for a partial non-in- products and manufactures it is now before us and we soon shall ed on the subject of our differ- nation. A subject which has bly will be again embraced as a much of the precious time of been spent and I think its dignity talking about and animating on local party divisions, which fully attempted to be raised in dif- of this union by defining indivi- paper writers; but which as to it in reality exist.

g by low epithets and personal im- the present chief magis- country, who not only possesses the use, and is the pride and boast of throughout Europe, and the whole ci- for the salutary measures which ended and adopted, to lessen his to lighten the burthens of the tive peace, and to render their freedom and happiness permanent whole political life will be transf- ity, in the fairest pages of his- of public virtue and true patri- attempting to excite jealousy, harmony and unanimity of the momentous crisis: besides the le which, while that subject was sideration, has been levelled at of the most respectable members

of this house; all of which I deem a gross viola- tion of its dignity and the honor of the nation, and which I will set my face against, while I am honoured with a seat on this floor.

Our rules on this subject are either mis- construed or they are defective: I shall therefore propose an alteration.

But by this said Mr. Thomas I wish not to be understood, as having any reference to the low invectives, directed at myself the other day, by a member, whom, I ex- pressing a constitutional right, called to order when in my opinion, he was outrag- ing decency and decorum; for I viewed that only as a stroke, in the desperate struggle of one, who from disappointment and chagrin was politically strangled by his own hands, and just expiring. I feel above being affected by any thing of this kind, individually, but I feel for the dignity of this house, and for the reputa- tion of the American government—and in order to prevent this kind of transgres- sion in future, by bringing questions of or- der fairly before the chair and the house, I will submit the following resolution:

Resolved, That when a member is called to order by another he shall immediately sit down, and the member calling the other to order, shall then be allowed to state the points, which he objects to as be- ing out of order, so that the decision of the chair & the house may be taken there- on.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Clark. Before I sit down I will lay a resolution on the table, which I have for some time past kept in my drawer. I will do this with a view of affording this house an opportunity of exercising one of its constitutional powers.—I consider the house of representatives, as the immediate guardians of the rights of those whom they represent.—They are more dispersed throughout the United States, than any other class of public men, and from them to their return home the people may rati- onally expect a more complete informa- tion of what is passing here than from any other persons. In so extensive a coun- try there is a better chance of their affairs being known through this organ than thro' numerous presses. With regard to the public character, who is the object of this resolution, I have long had suspicions, and I have since found from what I consider good authority, these suspicions confirmed.—I have good reason to believe that a man high in office, no other man than the post master general of the United States, has been combining and scheming against the representatives of the people, and that he has used his efforts to seduce a press, [Mr. Clark is understood here to have alluded to the Aurora] to aid him in his claim depending before this house. I know of one authority which could relieve this house from the necessity of discharging what may be considered an unpleasant du- ty, by getting rid of what may be called a public nuisance. I mean the president of the United States. It is because I believe that great and good man, whose greatest fault if he has fault, consists in his good- ness, has not been fully informed on this subject, that this course is rendered neces- sary. I have such confidence in the presi- dent, that I believe, if he had received this information, he would not have suffered this officer to remain a moment in place. But good, just, and honest himself he lis- tens to ear wigs, who surround him, who extol this officer and whisper sweet things in his favor. I think it a duty I owe to the government to take this step. As to the representative part I have little apprehen- sion, as I know that in case of misconduct the election screw, that admirable feature of the system, will apply an abundant remedy. But when an officer in the executive de- partment is found to be undeserving of confidence it is right that the people should know it; and with the convictions I enter- tain, I should not do my duty if I did not make this motion, before the end of my political life, which may in a few days ex- pire: I therefore submit the following re- solution.

Resolved, That a committee be ap- pointed to enquire into the conduct of Gi- deon Granger, post master general of the United States and report their opinion whether the said Gideon Granger hath so acted in his capacity of post master gen- eral as to require the interposition of the constitutional power of this house.

The house having agreed to consider this resolution,

Mr. Dana, suggested the expediency of letting it lie for a day, as an important principle was involved in its adoption.

Mr. Clark replied that though he felt the strongest disposition to be obliging, he could not agree to the postponement. The session was pressing towards a close, and there was no time to be lost. The enquiry

ought to be made that the officer implicated might if innocent, be acquitted; and if guilty be dismissed from office.

Mr. Jackson hoped the resolution would not be permitted to be enacted on. It was certainly a duty due by gentlemen on this floor, as well to their constituents as to the gentleman inculpated, to call for an in- vestigation. This duty my colleague has now undertaken; & I rejoice at it, for when this same officer was accused at a former session, and asked for an enquiry into his conduct, we were told he should not be indulged in that high honor. I trust his conduct will now be enquired into; that if guilty he will be removed from office, or if innocent, he may be honorably acquit- ted.

Mr. Lyon was likewise in favor of an immediate agreement to the resolution, and remarked that it was exactly the thing solicited the last session by the post master general.

Mr. Smilie said it was proper that an enquiry should be made whenever there were any allegations of criminality; with- out such allegations he was not ready to vote for this enquiry; should they be made he should be ready to vote for it.

Mr. Clark said he had stated, what he thought would have been distinctly heard throughout the house, that he had been well informed, and which he believed could be established by unexceptionable testimony, that the postmaster general had conspired against the representatives of the people by attempting to seduce a press in favor of a claim he had before the house.

Mr. Smilie observed he had not before heard this allegation stated.—Having heard it he was ready to vote in favor of the enquiry.

Mr. Sloan said the resolution ought to unite all descriptions of members in its fa- vor; those friendly to its object, those inimical to it, and if there were any, those neuter to it; especially after the request made by the post master general at the last session to the same effect.

The resolution was then agreed to with- out a division, and a committee of enquiry appointed, consisting of Messrs. Clark, Roger Nelson, Bidwell, J. Clay, Pitkin, D. R. Williams and Clinton.

NEW-YORK, March 23.
The ship John Morgan, Captain Bunker, whose arrival within the Hook we noticed yesterday, came up last evening. She left Liverpool on the 13th of February, and the rock on the 17th.—Her latest London papers are the 10th. From a file to this date, commencing with the 6th, we have selected the following, which comprise the most valuable articles of intelligence they con- tain.

LONDON, February 6.
Our Falmouth letters received this morning, restate circumstances similar to those we communicated yesterday respect- ing sir R. Strachans squadron being in pursuit of a French one, and the men of war of the outward bound West-India fleet being in preparation to assist sir Richard. We ought, however, to remark that at the admiralty it is thought possible that the supposed enemy's squadron may turn to be that under admiral Cornwallis, who was off Ushant on the 31st ult. It will be a day or two, or perhaps longer, before the fact can be ascertained, or the result can be known.

The national guards, who were called out as soon as the French army crossed the Rhine, have been disembodied through all France.

The court of Naples endeavors to ward off the blow by which its very existence is menaced. Cardinal Ruffo had gone to Rome for the purpose of negotiating with cardinal Fesch, the uncle of Napoleon, and procure the suspension of the march of the French army. Couriers were dis- patched to Paris and Naples with the result of the conference; and it is impossible but that St. Cyr may halt, until he shall have received imperative instructions from the French emperor. After the vindictive spirit displayed in the thirty-seventh Bulle- tin, it does not seem very likely that Na- poleon will concede that oblivion of the queen of Naples' conduct to the interces- sion of cardinal Fesch, which he refused to the entreaty of the archduke Charles or the emperor of Germany.

Yesterday, soon after twelve o'clock, earls Westmorland and Camden, viscount Castlereagh, lords Mulgrave and Hawkes- bury, had an audience of his majesty, at the queen's palace, and resigned their of- fices. At two earl Moira entered, follow- ed by lord Ellenborough, lord Grenville, earl Temple, lord Auckland, earl Spencer, viscount Sidmouth, Mr. Fox, Mr. Grey, lord B. Petty, Mr. Windham, lord Minto,

Mr. Vansittart, and the earl of Bucking- hamshire.

Lord Ellenborough had an audience of his majesty, and resigned the seals of chan- cellor of the exchequer, which he held pro- tempore since the death of Mr. Pitt.

The following kissed hands on their re- spective appointments, viz.

Earl Spencer, } Secretaries of state.
Mr. Windham, }
Mr. Grey, First lord of the admiralty,
Lord Henry Petty, Chancellor of the exchequer.
Lord Sidmouth, Privy Seal.

The following will kiss hands to-morrow, as it was not convenient for his majesty to have a court this day, viz.

Mr. Erskine, Lord chancellor.
Lord Grenville, First lord of the trea- sury.
Mr. Fox, Secretary for the foreign de- partment.
Earl Moira, Master general of the ord- nance.
Earl Fitzwilliam, at present in the coun- try, will kiss hands as president of the council, some day next week.

A Privy Council was afterwards held, when the following were sworn in members and took their places at the board accord- ly. They likewise had the honor of kissing hands upon the occasion, viz. Mr. Fox, Earl Moira, Lord Temple, Mr. Grey, Lord Henry Petty.

His majesty will hold a privy council to- morrow at the Queens palace, when it is expected the remainder of the new minis- ters will be appointed.

Earl Spencer went immediately to the secretary of state's office, in the Treasury, and transacted business during the after- noon.

Mr. Grey likewise went to the admir- alty, and took his seat at the board.

It seems that Mr. Sheridan was left at complete liberty to make his own choice in the new ministerial arrangements; when an illustrious personage said to Mr. Fox— "What is the situation proposed for Mr. Sheridan?" The answer was—"Sir, we mean to propose no situation for Mr. She- ridan; but whatever situation Mr. Sheri- dan proposes for himself will be instantly assented to."

February 7.
Intelligence received from off Boulogne states, that the most vigorous measures are adopting along the French coast, particu- larly at Boulogne, to place the latter in a formidable state of defence. Active pre- parations have begun to be made in the Boulogne flotilla.

A gentleman lately returned from Flush- ing, informs us, that there are six 74 gun ships nearly ready to launch at Antwerp; those ships, when ready for sea, will, in all probability, go to the Texel.

Just as this paper was going to Press, we were informed, that the remainder of the Great fleet has put to sea. This intel- ligence was brought to Falmouth by a ship which received the account from a vessel she spoke on the 4th in the morning.

Part of the Channel fleet has been forced to get into Falmouth.

February 8.
Mr. Erskine has been called up to the house of peers by the title of baron Er- skine, of Restormel, in the county of Corn- wall.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26.

MR. SNOWDEN,
I DESIRE, through the medium of your use- ful paper, to congratulate the inhabitants of Alexandria, on the decorum and order, suddenly produced by the late act of the Corporation, as it relates to free negroes, and mulattoes. To those accustomed to the observance of the Sab- bath, it cannot but afford a pleasing hope, that the effect, so evidently produced amongst us, by this new order of police, so long wished for, be- gins at length to dawn upon us; after our long sufferance, under a relaxation, productive of uni- versal uproar and disorder, to the great annoy- ance of the citizens peace, and utterly subversive of the respectability, and best interests of Alex- andria.

No more riotous assemblies, nor horrid oaths and imprecations, (we indulge the hope) will any longer be permitted to profane that holy day, to violate heretofore, the peace and good or- der of the neighborhood.

If the bare apprehension of the laws of Virgi- nia (by which we are governed) can produce to defrable an effect—what may we not expect from the actual operation?—The answer is plain— viz. Every thing that can give us comfort in our domestic concerns as individuals, our respect- ability, and our interests.

"Our accounts from Madrid, (says the London pa- per of the 28th) state positively that Bonaparte has ordered the Spaniards to march an army into Portugal, or that, if they do not, he will send a French army thro' Spain for that purpose."

Extract of a letter from Lisbon, dated January 20, to a gentleman in Boston.

"There are now here, on fold and float, 30,000 barrels of flour. Ninety three large vessels, with grain, arrived here last month—between thirty and forty the month before; and fifteen this month: supplying this market with as much foreign bread stuff as is usually con- sumed in six months. About twenty cargoes have been sold at auction, and commanded only 115 to 140 per bushel. A continental peace will not help the market. Flour is now dull, at 9 dollars 50 cents per barrel."

Letters by the Lisbon mail (says the Sun of the 27th) state, that the prince regent of Portugal, who had for some time labored under a heavy depression of spirits, has been so severely attacked by mental derangement, as to be obliged to retire from all public business. This unexpected event has been the cause of considerable em- barrassment to the government.

Extract of a letter from Liverpool, dated the 8th of February, received by the Packet, arrived at Boston in 5 days from Liverpool.

"The memorial of the merchants of New-York on the encroachments lately made by this country on neu- tral commerce, has appeared in front of our public pa- pers. In connection with this interesting subject, we cannot help considering the late change in administra- tion as particularly important; and shall be much disap- pointed if the remonstrance which has been made, is not treated in a very different manner by such men as com- pose the present ministry, than what it would have been by the abettors of the former system."

Captain BUTLER'S PACKET,
will sail for Norfolk on FRIDAY
next.

WANTED TO HIRE,
A good House Girl. Apply to the Print-
er.

March 26. 31

For Freight or Charter,
The last sailing steamer
DULY ANN
Burden 400 barrels,
To any port on this continent,
not further northward than
NEW YORK.
Or to any lawful port in the West Indies;
For terms apply to the master on board.
JOHN JACKSON,
at the Upper Ferry wharf.
March 26. d3†

PUBLIC SALE.

At three o'clock, TOMORROW, afternoon,
will be sold, on Irwin and Dunlop's wharf,
The CARGO of the Schooner
Adventure,
Consisting of fifty hogheads first quality SU-
GAR, on a credit of 60 and 90 days, for ap-
proved indorsed negotiable notes.
Immediately after the sale of Sugars,
The Schooner Adventure will
be sold,
On a credit of 2, 4, and 6 months.
Philip G. Marsteller.
March 26.

CAUTION!

WHEREAS the subscriber, on the 4th inst.
delivered a letter to the post rider in this
town, directed to Messrs. George and John
Humphreys, of Charles Town, enclosing a Post-
Note of the Alexandria Bank, No. 246, dated
February 25, 1806, for 204 dollar 59 cents,
drawn in favor of those gentlemen and payable
three days after date; which note did not get to
hand, but was it is supposed lost or mislaid:—
This is to caution any person to whom said note
may be offered, against receiving it, as the pay-
ment has been stopped at the bank, and it can be
of no use to any but those in whose favor it was
drawn. The subscriber will be much obliged to
any person who will communicate to him, here,
or to the above mentioned gentleman, in Charles
Town, Jefferson county, any information re-
specting the said Post Note.

Thom. Fairfax.
March 26. c31*

FOR SALE,
1500 acres of Land, in Charles
county, Maryland, 14 miles from Alexandria
and 4 from the Potomac, near the post road lead-
ing to Port Tobacco. The situation is exceed-
ingly healthy and the soil fertile. A great por-
tion of this land is bottom, (at least 500 a-
cres) well adapted to the culture of wheat, corn
or tobacco, timothy also thrives well upon it—
the upland produces good wheat from fallow,
and yields the white clover in abundance. Full-
ly one third of this tract is in wood, a great part
of which is valuable timber. Besides a fertile
soil the purchaser will derive other advantages—
a good mill seat and an excellent stand for a ta-
vern. The improvements are, a dwelling house
with six rooms, with a fire place in each; a
kitchen, smoke house, stables, carriage house; a
large and newly built barn, 48 feet square; to-
bacco house and several other out houses.

The subscriber, wishing to remove to Kentucky,
will dispose of this tract on very reasonable terms.
One third of the purchase money in cash, the bal-
ance in bonds for three equal yearly payments,
bearing interest from the date if not punctually
discharged, with security by mortgage. Pos-
session and a deed to be given at the first pay-
ment.

Benjamin Dulany.
March 26. c3

JAMES KENNEDY, SEN.

KING-STREET,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has received, from LEE & Co's Patent and Family Medicine Store, New-York, a fresh assortment of the following

Valuable Medicines,

Which are in high esteem and general use throughout the United States, many of them being sold cheaper than the drugs of which they are compounded could be purchased at a retail store.

TAKE NOTICE

That J. Kennedy, Sen. is appointed the only agent for ALEXANDRIA.

DR. HAMILTON'S ELIXIR.

A sovereign remedy for Colds, Obsolete Coughs, Asthma, Catarrhs, Sore Throats, and approaching Consumption.

To Parents who may have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH.

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it is an immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable. The Elixir is to perfectly agreeable and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

From LUTHER MARTIN, Esq. Attorney-General of the State of Maryland.

Gentlemen,
I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or similar complaints have rendered medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affluency of the breast, accompanied with forebodings and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine, and deserving your attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

Mr. Abijah Henry, Bridge-street, Baltimore, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's Elixir of a very common several months ago. He breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was often thrown into weakening sweats when he attempted to walk any distance, and his voice would frequently fail in such a degree that he could only attempt to whisper: he has been upwards of six weeks without a return of his complaints and desires to give this public testimony in favor of this invaluable medicine.

Dr. Hamilton's GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures—juvenile indiscretions—residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution—the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other destructive intemperance—the unskillful or excessive use of mercury—the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life—bad lyings in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience to be absolutely unparalleled in the cure of

Nervous Disorders,	Violent cramps in the
Consumptions,	Stomach and back,
Lowness of spirits,	Indigestion,
Loss of appetite,	Melancholy,
Impurity of the blood,	Gout in the stomach,
Hysterical affections,	Pains in the limbs,
Inward weakness,	Relaxation,
Seminal weakness,	Involuntary emissions,
Fluoribus (or whites),	Obtinate gleets,
Barrenness,	Impotency, &c. &c.

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obduracy of disease has brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a waiting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair, a perseverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

HAMILTON'S ESSENCE AND EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for gout, rheumatism, palsy, sprains, bruises, pains in the face and neck, &c. And has performed more cures in the above complaint than all the other medicines ever before made public.

From Dr. Weatherburn,

Wythe county, Virginia.

GENTLEMEN,

I purchased at your shop the preparations you call Hamilton's Essence, or Extract of Mustard, which I believe has perfectly removed a chronic rheumatism (of that kind named sciatica, or of the hip joint) under which I had labored for a long time, and which had baffled every article in the Materia Medica, and every mode of treatment received into practice for the cure of this obstinate disease. If you think this letter useful you are at liberty to make it public.

Yours, &c.

W. WEATHERBURN.

John Hoover, rope maker, South Second Street, between Mary and Christian Streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily makes oath as follows, to wit:

That his wife, Mary Hoover, was so severely afflicted with a violent rheumatism, very dangerously situated the consequence of a severe cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for life, notwithstanding the most respectable medical advice was followed, and every probable remedy attempted: when seeing several cases of cures performed by Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they were procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South Second Street. The first application enabled her to walk across the room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual state of health and strength.

JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn and subscribed before

Ebenezer Ferguson, Esq.

One of the Justices of the Peace for Philadelphia County.

HAMILTON'S

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,

Which have within four years past cured upwards of one hundred and twenty thousand persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions of the bowels in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence, on the contrary a particular excellence of this it contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old should no worms exist in the body, but will, with out pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders. They are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humors and corruptions; feverish and bilious complaints, and the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on the occasion.

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infect the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz. the Tere or large round worm, the Ascarides, or small maw worm, the Cucurbitina, or short flat, white worm, and lastly, the Tania or tape worm to be called from its resemblance to tape; this is often many yards long, and is full of joints—it is most hurtful and most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—Bad and corrupted gums—itching in the nose and about the face—Convulsions and epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech—Starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep—Irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious—Purging, with slimy and fetid stools—Vomiting—Large and hard belly—Pains and sickness at the stomach—Pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits—Slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—A dry cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's worm destroying lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children, a dreadful disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our cities. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known and has restored to health and strength a great number when in advanced stages of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness, having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

CASES OF CURES—

By Hamilton's

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,
(Selected from thousands) the authenticity of which any person may ascertain either by letter or personal application.

TAPE WORM.

Mr. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn keeper, on the Harford road, ten miles from Baltimore, began about twenty months ago, to be grievously afflicted with a tape worm, which increased fast in size and strength, so as to excite the most horrid sensations by his writhing motions and intolerable pains, resembling the gnawing and tearing of his bowels, which deprived him of his necessary sleep, and caused such dreadful apprehensions as cannot be conceived but by one in a similar situation—his appetite waned rapidly, and with that his strength, so that he was unable to attend to any business—when he heard of some excellent cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, he took a large dose, which brought away about FOUR YARDS of the worm (now in the possession of Lee, & Co.) but a renewal of his pains soon convinced him that this monstrous reptile had recovered its first vigor—Application was made to Lee & Co. for more of their medicine, with their advice, from which resulted the total expulsion of his formidable enemy, in several pieces, which he supposed to be SIX or EIGHT YARDS more. A few months have since elapsed, and Mr. Fuller is now in perfect health. The above facts are well known to a numerous circle of his neighbors, and himself will gratify any who may wish to make further inquiries on the subject. Although Hamilton's worm lozenges produce such powerful effects, when necessary, yet they are perfectly innocent and mild in their operation on the human body, even taken in large doses, as Mr. Fuller will testify—their particular mildness is abundantly evident in innumerable cures of infants.

Communicated by Dr. John Spangler, York town, Pennsylvania.

Letter from the reverend Mr. JOHN MOLTER minister of the Moravian church, in York town.

York, January 4th, 1802.

DEAR SIR,

Dr. Hamilton's lozenges have been recommended to me as a very adequate means for the cure of children afflicted with worms, I procured a box for the use of my family, to try whether by means of this medicine I might be enabled to gain a point, which, to accomplish, different other means had proved abortive. My eldest boy had a very sickly appearance, was very restless at night, grew leaner from time to time; in short, he seemed to be in a precarious state of health, which would yield to none of the medicines administered, until I gave him two doses of lozenges, agreeably to the directions, which carried off a substance to all appearance a mere mucus but upon close inspection quite replete with very small living animals. Not one of that sort of worms which usually afflict children came from him. Since that period he grew remarkably better in health, and though lean, has got a fresh and lively complexion. Upon different occasions I have used this medicine as a purging substitute, and found it to answer exceedingly well, without bringing on belly ache, or any other disagreeable sensations, is often occasioned by purging medicines. Upon the whole I judge this medicine to be, besides its main object, one of the most salutary means for restoring lost appetite, and promoting a proper state of digestion, by carrying off that bilious substance, which engenders so much indisposition, both among children and adults.

I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,

JOHN MOLTER.

Dr. Hahn's true and genuine German Corn Plaster.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

The genuine Persian Lotion,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, as an invaluable cosmetic perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals (the basis of other lotions) and of unparalleled efficacy in preventing and removing blemishes in the face and skin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetter, rings worms, yun burns, prickly heat, &c.

The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding that natural, insensible perspiration, which is so essential to health. Yet its salutary effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and clear, improving the complexion, and restoring the bloom of youth. Never failing to render an ordinary countenance beautiful, and an handsome one more so.

The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

This excellent preparation comforts & strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all that acrimonious slime and foulness, which suffered to accumulate, never fail to injure and finally ruin them.

Dr. Hahn's genuine Eye-Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident, deflections of rheum, dullness, itching and films on the eyes, never failing to cure those maladies which frequently succeed the small pox, measles and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of sight.

Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

The sovereign Ointment for the Itch.

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application, and may be used with perfect safety on pregnant women or on infants a week old, containing not a particle of mercury, or any other dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting smell, which attends the application of other remedies.

The Anodyne Elixir.

For the cure of every kind of head ache.

Indian Vegetable Specific.

A safe and speedy remedy for the venereal disease. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers,

IS RECOMMENDED

Dr. Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off the pernicious bile, and prevent its morbid secretions; to restore and amend the appetite; to procure a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often attended with fatal consequences; as does never fail to remove a cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness; sickness at the stomach, and severe head ache; and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

Sold likewise by S. Pleasants, Richmond; Rofs and Douglass, Petersburg; T. Green, Fredericksburgh; G. Purdie, Smithfield; M. Jones, Suffolk; Dr. Miller, Winchester; R. Greenhow, Williamsburgh; and J. Shaw, Leesburg.

September 4.

2aw

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having obtained letters of administration in the county of Alexandria and district of Columbia, on the estate of the said Elizabeth Washington, requests all persons indebted to said estate to make payment to the subscriber, and all those who may have claims against the estate by bond, note, or open account, properly authenticated to exhibit the same to Mr. John Luke, or to

G. CHAPMAN, jun. Adm'r.

February 26.

co12t

LAND FOR SALE.

Will be Sold, to the highest bidder, on MONDAY, the 10th day of May next, at Hay-Market, (being the first day of the next district court to be held there)

TWO hundred acres of LAND, more or less, known by the name of Greenwich, and lying in the county of Prince William, four miles from Hay Market, on the road leading from thence to Fredericksburg and the Carolina. The back road from the city of Washington to the southern states also runs through the land, which renders it an eligible stand for a tavern, it is also a good stand for a store. There are several houses, with a well of excellent water on this land, which lies well for cultivation, and has a considerable quantity of wood on it. The Plaster of Paris also appears well adapted to the soil, as I raised fine clover on it from the application of that manure only.

The terms of sale will be—One third of the purchase money in 6 months, one third in 12 months, and the remaining third in 18 months from the day of sale; the purchaser giving bond and approved security for the payment thereof. Possession will be given immediately to the purchaser, and a good title made on receipt of the first payment.

Bertand Ewell.

February 17.

2aw16t

FREIGHT WANTED.

For the schooner

ENTERPRISE,

JOHN HALL, Master; To Boston or any port to the eastward; 800 barrels burthen.

Apply to

W. YEATON, OR

The master on board.

Who have for sale on board said schooner, 300 Casks of Lime, Spars and Potatoes.

March 25.

d3t

MR. GENERIS

Has the honor to inform the AMATEURS of DANCING,

THAT he will have a BALL, on Friday next, at his Dancing Room, corner of Royal and Prince Streets; every gentleman to pay a Dollar for a ticket, which he can get at the Dancing Room before the night of the Ball.

March 25.

3+

REMOVAL.

The Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has removed from the Store, he lately occupied in Union Street, two doors further South on the same side of the street, to that large and commodious Store, the property of captain William Harper, at the sign of the Orange Tree, where he has the following articles for sale, on the very lowest terms for CASH.

Jamaica Spirits,	First quality fresh Salad
French Brandy,	Oil,
Holland Gin,	Writing, letter and wrap-
West India Rum,	ing Paper,
New England ditto,	First quality Cayenne Tobacco,
Cherry Brandy,	Spinning Cotton,
Peach Brandy,	Flax,
Whisky,	Mens' and Womens' Shoes,
Wines of different kinds,	First quality table Cloth,
Loaf and Lump Sugar,	Spoons and Tongues,
Brandy ditto	Spice Salmon in kegs,
Office,	Also a general assort-
Hulton Shulung,	ment of Fruits and
Young Hyson,	Nuts as follows:
Souchong and	Lithon Lemons in boxes,
Bohea	Muskateel and Bloom Rais-
Mould and dipt Candles,	ins in boxes of super-
Soap	rior quality,
Chocolate of different qua-	Pineapples, Oranges, Figs and
lities,	Tamarinds,
Best Philadelphia Mustard,	Almonds and Cocoa Nuts,
Golden Choke of the first	English Walnuts, shell and
quality,	Best Spanish Segars,
Rhode Island ditto,	Excellent Cider Vinegar.
A general assortment of	
Queens Ware,	
Ditto do, Glass do.	

With a number of other articles together with 500 tubs of salt suitable for the fisheries, 500 ditto new Rhode Island potatoes, 30 barrels excellent cyder, 10 ditto new rye whiskey, And a parcel of Nice Smithfield-hams, middlings, and shoulders.

A. WILLIS.

March 24.

d10+

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from THOMAS RICHARDS, to the subscriber, made for the purpose of paying a debt due from the said Richards to Robert T. Hoe & Co. will be exposed to Public Sale on the premises, on the 27th day of March next, on a credit of two, four and six months, with approved security, A TRACT OF LAND, whereon the said Thomas Richards now lives situated in the county of Fairfax on the drains of Great Hunting Creek, containing 80 acres; also five and a half acres adjoining the above TRACT. And on the 28th day of March next, will be sold on the same credit with approved security, at the Coffee House in the town of Alexandria—A PIECE or GROUND situated in the town of Alexandria, on the west side of Pitt Street and to the northward of King Street in the said town, this piece of ground has a front of 34 feet on Pitt Street, running 44 feet back.

THOMAS SWANN, Trustee.

February 19.

2wd

JUST RECEIVED,

From Philadelphia,

50 boxes fresh Muscatel Raisins
8 boxes fresh Olives, in bottles of superior quality.
8 do Anchovies

ALSO,

A very handsome assortment of Fancy Orange-peel Boxes, Fancy Paper do. containing Looking Glasses, Perfumes, &c. Pincushions, with Glasses. Also, some handsome Pocket Books, and a few pots of first quality Rouge—for sale by

Matthew Eakin.

Who has for Sale,

Lisbon Lemons, in boxes—and fresh Oranges.

March 13.

3aw1m

This day is Published,

By COTTOM & STEWART,

[Price twelve and a half Cents]

AN ORATION,

Delivered in the Episcopal Church, on the 21d

February, 1806

By Charles F. Mercer:

A member of the Washington Society.

March 6.

PRINTED DAILY.

BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN.

Vol. VI.

SALES

every Tuesday WILL BE At the Vend Variety of D GROCER

of which will bills of the All kind of goods which are viewed and purch Philip G. M

FREIGHT For ENT JOHN To Bott

800 barrels b Apply to W. Y

The Who have for sale 300 Casks of Potatoes.

March 25.

THE SUBS Wants to A vessel

barthen, for KET; to w will be giv

ready to go on board.

WHO HAS At his Warehouse New-York prim

Alto, Southern Pork, o few pipes of old Cognac February 12.

JAMES SA HAS RE A few cask

CLOVE Which is wa 3000 lbs. belt

30 barrels New 30 barrels Wh

A few bales upland G 3 bales Irish Linens 3 bales brown ditto.

Also e British Sail Canvas; and as usual, a general Wines, Spirituous Liqu March 24.

CHEE We have a large

Mand CHEESE, and RINGS of sale—

And do 3,000 batrels T which will be sold on

March 22.

Dough

Clove (Warranted of

Laured this day fo sale, on very low ter

Mande Who have

60 barrels old 3000 lbs Green

20 boxes fine S 20 boxes Choce

1000 lbs heavy 10 boxes fresh

A few bales Tenn 100 reams W March 22.

S

Suitable fo

JUST 1200 bushels St

Maria and Mary; wharf.

March 21.

Cath, and th

for clean Linen

the Printer of t